

Description of the condition	Recommended support Please describe recommended care If additional advice is required, please attach it to this medical advice form
How long does recovery take if the seizure isn't long enough to require Midazolam?	
Person's reaction during and after a seizure Please comment	
Any other recommendations to support the person during and after a seizure	
Signs that the seizure is starting to settle	

First Aid - Management of Seizures

The following is the **first aid response that School staff will follow:**

(Developed by Children's Epilepsy Program, Royal Children's Hospital)

	"Major Seizures"	"Minor Seizures"
	Convulsive seizures with major movement manifestations eg: tonic-clonic, tonic, myoclonic, atonic, and partial motor seizure	Seizures with staring, impaired consciousness or unusual behaviour e.g. complex partial seizures and absence seizures
1	Stay calm	Stay calm
2	Check for medical identification	Check for medical identification
3	Protect the person from injury by removing harmful objects close to them. Loosen any tight clothing or restraints. Place something soft under their head.	Protect the person from injury by removing harmful objects close to them
4	Stay with the person and reassure them. Do not put anything in their mouth and do not restrain them.	Stay with the person and reassure them
5	Time the seizure	Time the seizure
6	When the seizure is over, roll the person onto their side to keep their airway clear	If a tonic-clonic seizure develops, follow major seizure management
7	Treat any injuries	Stay with the person and reassure them, they may be sleepy, confused or combative after the seizure
8	Consider if an ambulance needs to be called. An ambulance should be called when: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The seizure lasts longer than 5 -10 minutes. • Another seizure quickly follows • The person remains unconscious after the seizures ceases • The person has been injured • You are about to administer diazepam or midazolam • You are unsure • The seizure happens in water • The person is pregnant or a diabetic • The person is not known to have epilepsy. 	
9	Stay with the person and reassure them, they may be sleepy, confused or combative after the seizure	

First Aid - Management of Seizures

If you anticipate the student will require anything other the first aid response noted above, please provide details, so special arrangement can be negotiated.

Observable sign/reaction	First aid response
▽	▽
▽	▽
▽	▽
▽	▽

Privacy Statement

The school collects personal information so as the school can plan and support the health care needs of the student. Without the provision of this information the quality of the health support provided may be affected. The information may be disclosed to relevant school staff and appropriate medical personnel, including those engaged in providing health support as well as emergency personnel, where appropriate, or where authorised or required by another law. You are able to request access to the personal information that we hold about you/your child and to request that it be corrected. Please contact the school directly or FOI Unit on 96372670.

<u>Authorisation:</u>
Name of Medical/health practitioner:
Professional Role:
Signature:
Date:
Contact details:
Name of Parent/Carer or adult/independent student**:
Signature:
Date:

If additional advice is required, please attach it to this form

**Please note: Adult student is a student who is eighteen years of age and older. Independent student is a student under the age of eighteen years and living separately and independently from parents/guardians (See Victorian Government Schools Reference Guide 4.6.14.5).